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SUBJECT CODE NO:- H-102
FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
F. E. (All) (CGPA)
Engineering Mathematics-II
(REVISED)

[Time: Three Hours]

[Max.Marks:80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B

- i) Questions number 1 and 6 are compulsory.
- ii) Solve any two questions from remaining of each section.
- iii) Figure to the right indicates full marks.
- iv) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

Section A

- Q.1 Solve any five from the following 10
- a) Find the integrating factor of $y(\log y)dx + (x - \log y)dy = 0$
 - b) Find the solution of exact differential Equation $(3x^2 + 6xy^2) dx + (6x^2y + 4y^3)dy = 0$
 - c) If $f(x) = \pi^2 - x^2, x \in (-\pi, \pi)$, then find the value of fourier coefficient a_n
 - d) Define the half range Fourier series in the interval $(0, \pi)$.
 - e) If $f(x) = x, x \in (0, 2\pi)$ then find Fourier coefficient b_n .
 - f) Find the equation of asymptote to the curve $y^2(x + a) = x^2(3a - x)$.
 - g) Find the length of an arc curve $y = f(x)$ from $x = a$ to $x = b$.
 - h) The curve $r = a + b\cos\theta$ is symmetrical about.....
- Q.2 05
- a) Solve $(1 + y^2)dx = (\tan^{-1}y - x)dy$. 05
 - b) Find Fourier series for $f(x) = \frac{\pi-x}{2}$ in the interval $0 < x < 2\pi$. 05
 - c) Trace the curve $y^2(a - x) = x^2(a + x)$ with full justification. 05
- Q.3 05
- a) Solve $\tan y \frac{dy}{dx} + \tan x = \cos y \cos^2 x$ 05
 - b) Obtain the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi x; 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ \pi(2 - x); 1 \leq x \leq 2 \end{cases}$ 05
 - c) Trace the curve $x = a(\theta + \sin \theta)$; $y = a(1 - \cos \theta)$ with full justification. 05
- Q.4 05
- a) Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y \cos x + \sin y + y}{\sin x + x \cos y + x} = 0$ 05
 - b) Obtain the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = x \sin x$ in $x \in (-\pi, \pi)$ 05
 - c) Find the perimeter of the loop of the curve $3ay^2 = x(x - a)^2$ 05

- Q.5
- a) Solve $L \frac{di}{dt} + Ri = 200 \cos 300t$
When $R = 100 \text{ ohms}$, $L = 0.05 \text{ Henry}$ and also find i given that $i(0) = 0$ 05
 - b) Obtain half Range Fourier Series for $f(x) = (x - 1)^2$ in the interval $(0,1)$ 05
 - c) Find the total length of the cardioid $r = a(1 + \cos\theta)$. 05

Section-B

Q.6 Solve any Five from the following 10

- a) Write the reduction formula for

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^m x \cos^n x \, dx$$

- b) Define Beta Function and

Evaluate $\beta\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$

- c) Evaluate

$$\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^a \int_0^{\sin\theta} r \, dr \, d\theta$$

- d) Evaluate

$$\int_0^a \int_0^b \int_0^c xyz \, dx \, dy \, dz$$

- e) Change the order of integration

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} f(x, y) \, dx \, dy$$

- f) Evaluate

$$\int_0^3 \int_0^{1/x} ye^{xy} \, dx \, dy$$

- g) Write

$$\int_0^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{2x-x^2}} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \, dx \, dy$$

into polar co-ordinate form.

- h) The surface area of solid formed the revolution of the curve $y = f(x)$ about x axis from $x = a$ to $x = b$ is

- Q.7 a) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}$ 05
- b) Evaluate $\int_{-2}^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-y^2}} (4-y) dx dy$ 05
- c) By double integration, find the area included between the curve $r = a(\sec\theta + \cos\theta)$ and its asymptote 05
- Q.8 a) Evaluate $\int_0^1 x^{n-1} [\log(1/x)]^{m-1} dx$ 05
- b) Change the order of integration $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} f(x,y) dx dy$ by showing region 05
- c) Calculate the volume of the solid bounded by $x = 0, y = 0, lx + my + nz = 1$ and $z = 0$ 05
- Q.9 a) Prove that $\int_0^1 \frac{x^{m-1} + x^{n-1}}{(1+x)^{m+n}} dx = \beta(m,n)$ 05
- b) By changing into polar co-ordinates evaluate $\int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} \int_y^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \log(x^2 + y^2) dx dy$ 05
- c) Find the volume bounded by The cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and $y + z = 3$ and $z = 0$. 05
- Q.10 a) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \sqrt[4]{x} e^{-\sqrt{x}} dx$ 05
- b) Evaluate $\int_0^{\log 2} \int_0^x \int_0^{x+y} e^{(x+y+z)} dx dy dz$ 05
- c) Find surface area between the curves $y = 2 - x$ and $y^2 = 2(2 - x)$ by double integration 05