

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-179
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
S.E.(CIVIL) Examination MAY/JUNE-2016
Strength of Materials
(Revised)

[Time:Three Hours]

[Max Marks:80]

“Please check whether you have got the right question paper.”

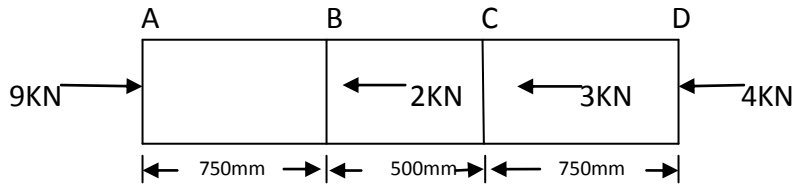
N.B

- i) Question No.1 and 6 are compulsory. Attempt any two from remaining for each section.
- ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- iii) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

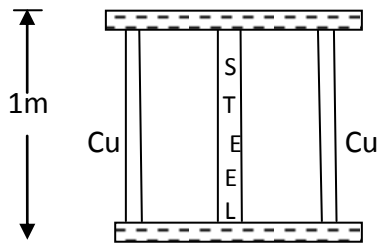
Section A

- Q.1 Attempt any five. 10
- a) State Hooke’s law.
 - b) Define modulus of rigidity.
 - c) Explain types of stress.
 - d) Define volumetric strain.
 - e) What are the types of beam?
 - f) Define section modulus.
 - g) Write flexural formula.
 - h) Define shear force.

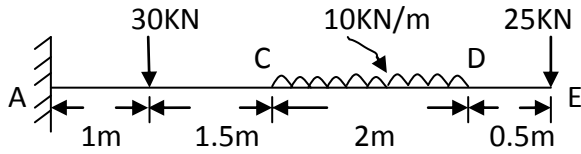
- Q.2 a) A steel bar 600mm² c/s area is carrying the load as shown in figure. Find elongation at bar. 08
 Take E=200GPa.



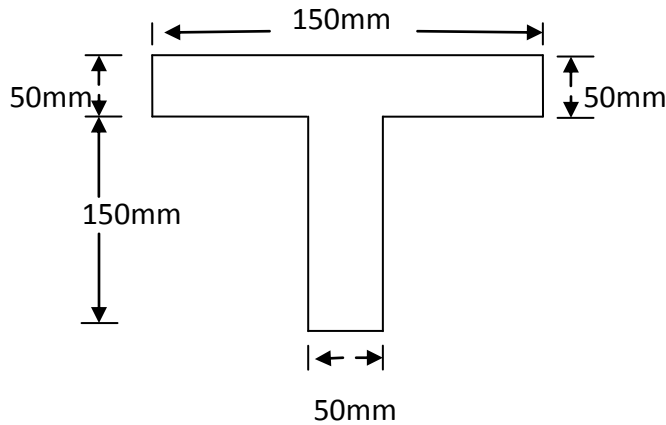
- b) Three rods each of length 1m and CIS area 200mm² are connected to the rigid plate at the ends. If 07
 the temperature of assembly is raised by 25⁰C determine stress in each rod.
 Take:- E_s = 200Gpa α_s = 120 × 10⁻⁶/⁰c
 E_c = 120Gpa α_c = 18.5 × 10⁻⁶/⁰c
 A_s = A_c = 200mm²



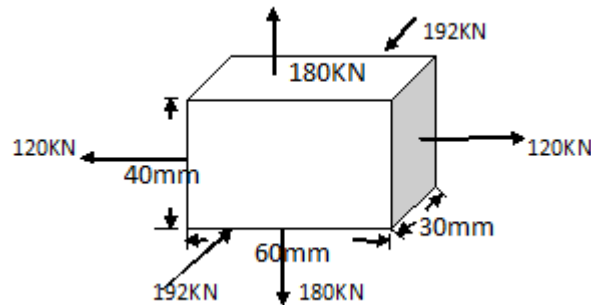
- Q.3 a) Define point of contra flexure. 03
 b) Draw S.F.D and B.M.D for cantilever shown in figure. 12



- Q.4 a) Write down the assumptions made in theory of simple bending. 07
 b) The cross section of beam is as shown in figure. Determine maximum bending stress induced in C/S 08
 of beam for bending moment of 4.5kN.M. For simply supported beam.



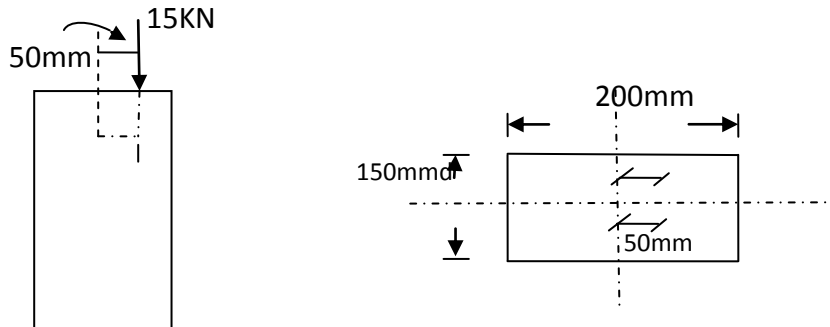
- Q.5 a) Forces acting on piece of material as shown in fig. Find strain in each direction and change in volume. Take $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ Poisson Ratio = 0.25. 08



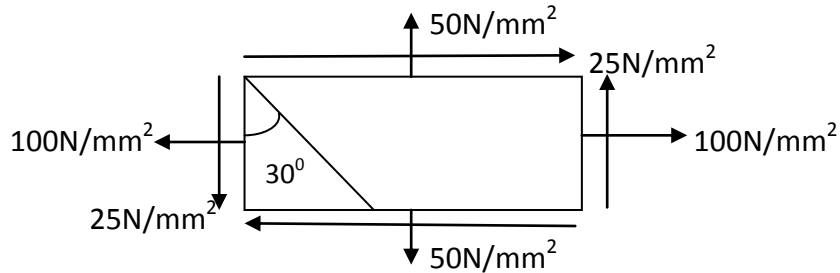
- b) Derive expression for shear stress at a section in loaded beam. 07

Section B

- Q.6 Attempt any five: 10
- a) Define proof resilience.
 - b) Define circumferential stress.
 - c) Write down torsional formula.
 - d) Write down the assumptions in theory of torsion.
 - e) Write down the formula for longitudinal stress.
 - f) Write down the types of load in strain energy.
 - g) Explain core or kernel of section.
 - h) What are the limitations in Eulers theory.
- Q.7
- a) A solid circular shaft transmits 75KW at 200RPM. Calculate the shaft diameter if the twist in the shaft is not to exceed 1° in 2m length of shaft ,if the shearing stress is limited to 50N/mm^2 .
Take $G = 100 \times 10^3 \text{N/mm}^2$. 08
 - b) A bar 1m in length is subjected to a pull such that maximum stress is equal to 150N/mm^2 . Its area of cross section is 200mm^2 over a length of 950mm and for middle 50mm length the c/s area is 100mm^2 . If $E = 200 \text{Gpa}$, calculate strain energy stored in a bar. 07
- Q.8
- a) A cylindrical thin drum 1m in diameter and 3m long has a shell thickness of 10mm. If the drum is subjected to an internal pressure of 2.5N/mm^2 . Find 07
 - a) Change in diameter
 - b) Change in length
 - c) Change in volume.
 Take $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{N/mm}^2$ $\mu = 0.3$
 - b) A rectangular column 200mm wide and 150mm thick is carrying a vertical load of 15KN at an eccentricity of 50mm in a plane bisecting the thickness. Determine the maximum and minimum intensities of stress in the section. 08



- Q.9 A component is subjected to stresses as shown in fig. Find the normal stress, shear stress and resultant stress on an oblique plane 30° inclined to a vertical face as shown in figure. 15



- Q.10 A hollow cast iron column of external diameter 250mm and internal diameter 200mm is 10m long with both ends fixed. Find the safe axial load with a factor of safety of 4. Take $F_c = 550\text{N/mm}^2$, $\alpha = 1/1600$ by Rankine's method. 15