

SUBJECT CODE NO:- E-68
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
S.E.(Civil) Examination Nov/Dec 2017
Fluid Mechanics- II
(OLD)

[Time: Three Hours]

[Max.Marks:80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B
- 1) Q. no 1 & Q.no. 6 are compulsory
 - 2) Solve any two question from remaining question from each section
 - 3) Assume suitable data if necessary

Section A

- Q.1 Solve any five 10
- 1) Define Froude number.
 - 2) Define hydro dynamically smooth boundary.
 - 3) Define Dynamic Similarity.
 - 4) Define gradually varied flow.
 - 5) Explain the specific energy of a flowing liquid.
 - 6) State Buckingham π Theorem.
 - 7) What do you mean by water hammer.
 - 8) Give the momentum equation for flow through open channel.
 - 9) Define flow in open channel.
 - 10) What is a Compound pipe.
- Q.2 A) Find an expression for the power transmission through pipes. 07
- B) Calculate the discharge through a pipe of diameter 200mm when the difference of pressure head between the two end of a pipe 500m apart is 4m of water. Take the value of $f=0.009$. 08

Q.3 A) State & prove the condition under which the trapezoidal section of an open channel will be most economical. 07

B) The discharge of water through a rectangular channel of width 8m, is $15\text{m}^3/\text{sec}$ when the depth of flow is 1.2m. Calculate;- 08

- Specific energy of the flowing water.
- Critical depth and Critical velocity
- Value of minimum specific energy

Q.4 A) The time period (t) of a pendulum depends upon the length [L] of the pendulum and acceleration due to gravity [g]. Derive an expression for the time period using Rayleigh's method. 07

B) Explain the procedure for solving problems by Buckingham's π Theorem. 08

Q.5 Write Short notes on:- (Any Three) 15

- Backwater Curve and Afflux
- Classification of flow in open channels
- Hydraulic Jump and energy dissipation
- Slope Profiles

Section B

Q.6 Solve Any Five 10

- Draw outlet velocity triangles for centrifugal pump.
- What is reciprocating pump?
- What precaution should be taken against Cavitation.
- In a Single acting pump $Q_{th} = 10.45 \text{ lit/sec}$ $C_d = 0.96$, find Q_{act} .
- Draw ideal indicator diagram.
- What is basis of selection of turbine at a particular place.
- Draw inlet velocity triangle for Pelton wheel turbine.
- Define governing of turbines.
- Define Similitude.

10) Define Euler's number.

- Q.7 A) Find an expression for force exerted by a jet on stationary curved plate. 07
- B) A jet of water having a velocity of 15m/sec strikes a curved vane at centre which is moving with velocity of 5m/sec in the direction of jet. The jet is deflected through an angle of 165° . Assuming the plate is smooth find:- 08
- i) Force exerted on the plate in the direction of jet.
 - ii) Power of jet.
 - iii) Efficiency of jet.
- Q.8 A) Derive an expression for specific speed of a centrifugal pump. 07
- B) What do you understand by the characteristic curve of a turbine? Name the important types of characteristic curves. 08
- Q.9 A) Derive an expression for friction head in suction and delivery pipe of reciprocating pump. 07
- B) A single acting reciprocating pump has piston diameter 12.5cm and stroke length 30cm. The centre of the pump is 4m above the water level in the pump. The diameter and length of suction pipe are 7.5cm and 7m respectively. The separation occurs if the absolute pressure head in the cylinder during suction stroke falls below 2.5m of water. Calculate the maximum speed at which the pump can run without separation. Take atmospheric pressure head = 10.3m of water. 08

Q.10 Write Short Notes on Any Three 15

- i) Hydraulic Ram
- ii) Hydraulic Press
- iii) Hydraulic Crane
- iv) Hydraulic Lift